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as you say, a dialogue between the people and the Board of Education Lands and Funds, but I do not want to make it mandatory and force the people to sell, especially at a price that is not in the best interest of the trust.

SENATOR KELLY: I thank you.

SPEAKER: Any further discussion? Senator Barnett. We are talking on the Lewis amendment now to the bill.

SENATOR BARNETT: Mr. President, I guess what I have is a question of Senator Kelly. Guess I don't understand what he means by citizen input. Maybe he could explain who the Board of Educational Lands and Funds are. You talked about you want citizens input. Who are these people? Senator Kelly, I am asking you the question. You want citizens input, what do you mean?

SENATOR KELLY: The word that comes to me, Senator Barnett, is that people would like to buy some school land. They make request or they visit with the School Lands Board and then that is the end of it, that's the end of the visit. There doesn't necessarily have to be an answer come back. They can just say, no, we are not going to sell, and that's the end of it.

SENATOR BARNETT: Well, what would you do to solve the problem?

SENATOR KELLY: Would be to attempt to have the Board recognize a bonafide request for a citizen to purchase some School Land. Then, have them honor this request. It would have to be put up for auction. It couldn't be sold on private sale. Let the citizens request which parcels of land be sold.

SENATOR BARNETT: Under those conditions, then you want to do away with the Board of Educational Lands and Funds and let the citizens decide.

SENATOR KELLY: Argumentatively, this would be correct.

SENATOR BARNETT: Thank you.

SPEAKER: All right. Are you ready for the question? Senator Whitney.

SENATOR WHITNEY: A point of explanation, Mr. President. I think the dialogue that Senator Kelly and Senator Barnett had, I don't think the answer was quite correct. We have the Board of Educational Lands and Funds which are the managers of this land as is directed by the Legislature and there is now way that the citizens could force their way in and insist that the Board of Educational Lands and Funds do anything that the Board does not want to do, and so this amendment has absolutely no significance, whatsoever. It just means that much more ink put on the books. The Board can turn them down just as easily with this on the books as they can without than this information on the books, but it makes it look a little more palliative to have it this way and this was all that this does. They can refuse anytime they want to. What it might do is that it might increase the amount of mail which the Board gets and you may have to hire another secretary to take care of the mail.

SPEAKER: Are you ready for the question? The question is shall the Lewis amendment be adopted. All those in favor say aye. Those opposed no. The amendment is adopted. Now, Senator Lewis, what will you do with the bill?

SENATOR LEWIS: Well, I'd like to give some background on this bill. It's had quite a lot of (inaudible)